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EXAMINER

MACFARLANE, STACEY NEE

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

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PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. Claims 1, 4, 5 and 8 have been amended, claims 14 and 15 newly added as requested in the amendment filed on March 23, 2011. Following the amendment, claims 1, 2, 4, 5, and 7-15 are pending in the instant application.

Claims 9-13 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a nonelected inventions.

Claims 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8 and 14-15 are under examination in the instant office action.

2. Applicant's arguments filed on March 23, 2011 have been fully considered but they are not deemed to be persuasive for the reasons set forth below.

Claim Objections

3. As currently amended, Claims 8 remains objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c), as being of improper dependent form for failing to further limit the subject matter of a previous claim (35 U.S.C. 112, fourth paragraph), for reasons of record in the previous Office action mailed October 25, 2010. Claim 1 recites quantification by use of a CD69 antibody; however, claim 8 depends from claim 1 and adds quantifications by nucleic acid content. Therefore, claims 8 can be infringed by a method which does not infringe claim 1. Applicant is required to cancel the claim(s), or amend the claim(s) to place the claim(s) in proper dependent form, or rewrite the claim(s) in independent form. See MPEP § 608.01(n). The test for a proper dependent claim is whether the dependent

Art Unit: 1649

claim includes every limitation of the parent claim. A proper dependent claim shall not conceivably be infringed by anything, which would not also infringe the basic claim.

4. Additionally, Claim 8 is objected to because it starts with "Th method".

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

6. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

7. Claims 1, 2, 4, 5, 7 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

8. As currently amended, Claim 1 is vague and indefinite for the following reasons. Steps (b) and (d) recite "the CD69". It is unclear what this refers to: the CD69 surface marker protein, the CD69 gene, etc. One of ordinary skill would not know what the metes and bounds of the claim encompass.

9. As currently amended, Claim 4 still does not further limit the method of the parent claim. Rather, this claim recites an additional step with additional elements and it is unclear how these added elements relate back to the method for diagnosing Alzheimer's disease, or when in the process they are to occur.

10. Claim 8 recites the limitation "surface markers" in Claim 1. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Art Unit: 1649

11. As currently amended, Claim 14 is indefinite in that the preamble recites diagnosing patients suffering from AD but there is no resultant step relating the calculated stimulation index to said disease. It may be remedial to incorporate the limitation of Claim 15 into the method of Claim 14.

12. Claims 2, 5 and 7 are indefinite for depending from indefinite claims.

13. As currently amended, Claims 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8 and 14-15 stand as rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, for reasons of record in the previous Office action, as applied to claims 1, 2, 4, 5, 7 and 8. Briefly, while being enabling for a method of quantifying cells expressing the surface marker CD69, comprising obtaining a cell sample, quantifying cells within the sample expressing CD69, and optionally further comprising the steps of stimulating the cells by PHA or PWM, quantifying cells expressing the surface marker CD69, and calculating a stimulation index as the ratio of CD69 expression after mitogenic stimulation to unstimulated control, does not reasonably provide enablement for diagnosing Alzheimer's disease wherein the stimulation index of at least 10 with a reasonable expectation of success.

On pages 9-10 of Remarks filed March 23, 2011, Applicant traverses the rejection on the grounds that the claims as currently amended meet the enablement requirement, and that the subject matter of the claims is sufficiently supported by the specification and the Declaration of Dr. Arendt filed November 15, 2009.

While these arguments and evidence have been fully considered they are not persuasive to overcome the rejection for the following reasons. The scope of the instant claims is broadly drawn to diagnosing not only disease in those who have clinical manifestations of Alzheimer's disease, such as an MMSE score below 27, but in all subjects, based solely upon a stimulation index of greater than 10.

The Declaration of Dr. Arendt under 37 CFR 1.132 filed November 15, 2009 is insufficient to overcome the rejection of claims 1, 2, 4, 5, 7 and 8 based upon 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph as set forth in the last Office action because: The post-filing data does not provide a preponderance of evidence in support of any stimulation index above 10 being indicative of Alzheimer's disease pathology because: (a) the stimulation index formula found on page 3 of the Declaration appears to be different than that recited within the claim; and (b) the data on page 6 of the Declaration indicates that 4 of the control patients had a stimulation index of greater than 10. Additionally, the Steiler et al (2001) prior art, cited as reference AF on the IDS mailed September 5, 2006, teaches all of the method steps of the claims, but teaches a significantly **reduced stimulation index** after mitogen treatment (page 3971, Discussion. Therefore, it teaches away from the instant method wherein diagnosis is linked to an increased stimulation index of at least 10. Furthermore, as stated in the previous Office action, the experiments disclosed within the Declaration are correlated to MMSE scores of below 27 but the claims do not require this element. Thus, the experiments disclosed in the declaration do not correlate to what is claimed. Thus, taken together, the

Art Unit: 1649

preponderance of evidence teaches that the method as claimed is not enabled commensurate in scope with the breadth of the claims.

Conclusion

16. No claim is allowed.

17. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to STACEY MACFARLANE whose telephone number is (571)270-3057. The examiner can normally be reached on M-R 5:45 to 3:30, TELEWORK-Fridays.

Art Unit: 1649

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ali Salimi can be reached on (571) 272-0909. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Stacey MacFarlane
Examiner
Art Unit 1649

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